Marking Scheme Class-XII Session-2025-26 Subject - Entrepreneurship

Time- 3Hours M.M.-60

General Instructions-

• The Question paper is divided into parts. There is no overall choice, though the internal choice is given in selected sections.

- Section A has 15 Objective questions carrying 1 mark each.
- Section B has 6 questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers may be within 50 to 75 words
- Section C has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each answers may be about 100 words
- Section D has 3 questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer may be about 150 words.

Q. No.	Answers	Marks
110.		
1	(d) All of the above	1
2	(c) Price Skimming	1
3	(a) Skills, knowledge and competencies	1
4	(b) Capital Market	1
5	(d) promotion	1
6	(b) physical charactertics	1
7	Implied Authority/ Innovation	1
8	Vendor Management	1
9	Economic Factor	1
10	<u>Innovation</u> — Innovation is the application of creative solution to problems or opportunities to enhance or to enrich people's live. In simple words, application of new inventions is called innovation.	1
11	OPC – One person Company means a company with only one person as its member	1

12	Venture Capital is defined as money provided by professional who invest alongside management in new young rapidly growing companies that have the potential to develop into significant economic contributors.	
13	(a) both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation for Assertion (A).	1
14	(a) both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true. And Reason (R) is the correct explanation for Assertion (A)	1

15	(b) Bo	th Assertion ()	A) and Reason (R) are	true but Reason (R) is not	1
	` ′	,	on for Assertion (A).	The same reason (iv) is not	
16	environ on the impact	nd preferences can nment as these business but in on the busine	s of the people living is not overlook the e components may not in the long run the sociess. OR Ey — Business opportion	an must known about the n the society. The business components of social-have immediate impact al-environment has great unity can e defined as an business enterprise to earn	
		blem	Grabbit opportuni	Saccess III	
17	Trend	Spotting –	Trend	Spotting means identificat	ion of ne
18	trends. This will help the entrepreneur to understand the market and produce goods or services as per new trends.				
	Sr. NO.	Basic of Comparison	Partnership	company	
	1.	Formation	Easy to form, registration is optional	Lengthy & expensive formation, registration is compulsory	
	2.	Liability	Unlimited Liability	Limited Liability	
19 <u>s</u>	19 Skimming/Creaming pricing – Under this strategy, a high introductory price is charged for an innovative product and later on the price is reduced when more marketers enter the market with the same type of product.			2	
		Y F Product	OR		

<u>Types of Franchising</u> –

- B. Manufacturing Franchise
- C. Business Franchise

	D. Business Format Franchise	
20	Inventory Control – Inventory control is a process of deciding what and how much of various items to be kept in stock. The basis objective of inventory control is to find out idle level of inventory so that there is no extra inventory and production level, does not suffer due to look of inventories.	2
21	Angle Investor – Angel Investor are wealthy investors who invest in entrepreneurial firms, usually during start up. They provide cash to young investors and take equity in return.	2
22.	Reasons for Making Business Plan: 1) Used for getting finance from banks or equity funding. 2) Helps the director to make capital investment decisions. 3) Evaluation of all elements of business. 4) Provide standards	3
23	Name of Idea fields: 1) Natural Resources 2) Existing product or services 3) Market drive and Demand drive ideas 4) Trading related ideas 5) Service sector ideas	3
24	Organizational Plan – Organizational Plan is the plan that gives complete idea the set up of the organization. Organizational plan includes the following elements:- 1) Forms of Ownership 2) Identifications and complete details about business associate 3) Administrative structure, level of mgt. etc. 4) Identification of management team	3

25	Importance of Sales promotion – Sales promotion techniques are very useful because they being: 1) Short and immediate effect on Sale. 2) Stock clearance is possible with sales promotion	3	
	3) Sales promotion techniques help to win over the competitor OR		
	<u>Vendor Management</u> – Vendor management means managing third party who are supplying various resources including human resources to organization. Vendor management make sure that third parties meet the goal of service, quality and cost-optimization. Few consideration of Vendor Management are :—		
	i. Establishing goals		
	ii. Selecting Vendors iii. Managing Vendors		
	iii. Managing Vendorsiv. Consistently meet goals		
26	Features of partnership:	3	
	i. Formation		
	ii. Liability		
	iii. Risk Bearing		
	iv. Decision Making		
	v. Continuity		
	vi. Number of partner vii. Mutual Agency Relationship		
	(Explain any 3)		

27	Net working Capital – This refers to excess of current assests over current liabilities. Example of current assets :- Cash, B/R, Prepaid Expenses,		
	Inventories etc.		
	OR		
	Methods of flotation of securities in Primary Market:		
	1) Public issue through prospector (Explain any 03)		
	2) Offer for sale		
	3) Private placement		
	4) Right issue		
28		5	
	<u>Creativity</u> – Creativity is the ability to develop new ideas and to		
	discover new ways of looking at a problem and opportunities. It refers		
	to "Thinking new things" or "Doing things differently"		

Creativity Process:-

- 1) Analytical planning
- 2) Resource organization 3) Implementation
- 4) Commercial application $(1x 4 = 04 \text{ marks}) \mathbf{OR}$

It helps the entrepreneur to frame a formal statement enlisting a set of business goals, the reasons as to why they believe that it is attainable and the plan for reaching those goals along with the background information's about the organization or/and team.

Attempting to reach those goals.

(1 mark)

Formats of Business Plan :-

- 1) Elevator pitch
- 2) A pitch deck with oral narrative
- 3) A written presentation for external stakeholders.
- 4) An internal operational plan.

(Explain these points in details) (1 x = 04 marks)

29	Negotiation – Negotiation is nothing but a discussion among individuals to find out or alternative which takes into account benefit of all and nobody is at loss. Negotiation is essential in corporate to avoid conflicts and improve relationship.	5
	Methods of Negotiation – 1) Integrative/Distributive Negotiation	
	2) Inductive/Deductive/Mixed Negotiation3) Soft/Hard Negotiation	
	$(1 \times 3 = 03 \text{ marks})$	
	OR	
	Advantages for Franchises :-	
	1) Established Brand 2) Quality product	
	3) Advertisement	
	4) Financing	
	5) Training	
	6) Technological up gradation	
	7) Uniform Control system	

(explain these points in details)

8) Better Start

30	Stock Exchange: — An organization or body of individual, whether incorporated or not, established for the purpose of assisting, regulating and controlling of business in buying, selling and dealing in securities. (01 marks) Functions— 1) Economic barometer 2)	
	Pricing of Securities	
	3) Safety of transactions	
	4) Constributes to economic growth	
	5) Providing scope for specialization	
	6) Liquidity	
	7) Better allocation of capital (explain any 04 point) (1 x 4 = 04 marks) OR	
	Factors effecting working capital –	
	1) Length of operating cycle	
	2) Nature of Business	
	3) Scale of Operation	
	4) Business cycle fluctuation 5) Seasonal factors	
	6) Technology and Production cycle	
	7) Credit allowed	
	8) Credit avail	
	9) Operating efficiency	
	10) Availability of Raw Material 11) Level of competition	
	12) Inflation	
	13) Growth prospects	

(Explain any 10 points) ($10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 05 \text{ marks}$)